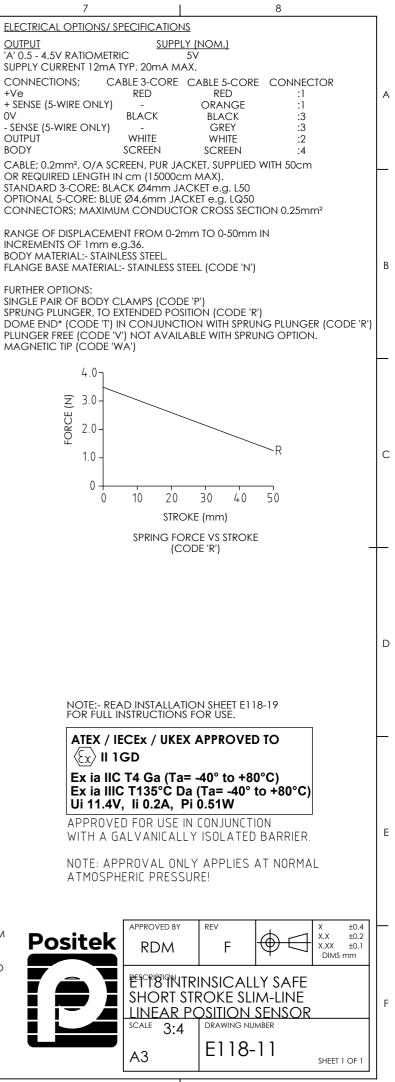


SENSOR BODY





E118 SHORT STROKE SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS DUST ATMOSPHERES

- Intrinsically safe for Gas and Dust to: Ex II 1GD
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Travel set to customer's requirement
- Compact 19 mm diameter body
- High durability and reliability
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP67

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek[®] has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications. Our intrinsically safe E118 incorporates electronics system EX07 which is ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved for use in potentially explosive gas/vapour and dust atmospheres. The E118 is designed for a wide range of industrial applications and is ideal for OEMs seeking good sensor performance in situations where a small diameter, short-bodied sensor is required for operation in hazardous areas. The unit is compact and space-efficient, being responsive along almost its entire length, and like all Positek® sensors provides a linear output proportional to travel. Each unit is supplied with the output calibrated to the travel required by the customer, from 2 to 50mm and with full EMC protection built in.

Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The sensor has a compact 19 mm diameter stainless steel body, is easy to install and set up. Mounting options include flange, M5 rod eye bearings and body clamps. The plunger can be supplied free or captive, with a female M4 thread, an M5 rod eye, magnetic tip, or spring-loaded with a dome end. The E118 also offers a range of mechanical options, environmental sealing is to IP67.



SPECIFICATION

Dimensions			
Body diameter	19 mm		
Body length dependant on options			
Calibrated Travel	Axial	Radial	
2 mm to 10 mm	78 mm	97 mm	
11 mm to 20 mm	88 mm	107 mm	
21 mm to 30 mm	98 mm	117 mm	
31 mm to 50 mm	118 mm	137 mm	
Plunger	Ø 6mm		
For full mechanical details see dra Independent Linearity	$\leq \pm 0.25\%$ FS(
Temperature Coefficients	$\leq \pm 0.25\%$ FSC < $\pm 0.01\%/^{\circ}C$		
remperature coerncients	$< \pm 0.01\%$ C $< \pm 0.01\%$ FS/		
Frequency Response	> 10 kHz (-3dE		
Resolution	Infinite		
Noise	< 0.02% FSO		
Intrinsic Safety	Ex II 1GD		
		(Ta= -40°C to 80°C)	
	Ex ia IIIC T135	°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)	
Approval only applies to the specifie			
conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10			
Sensor Input Parameters	Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.	.20A, Pi: 0.51W.	
(connector option/s)	Ci: 1.16µF, Li: !	50µĤ	
(cable option/s)	Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 8	860μ H with 1km max. cable	
Environmental Temperature	e Limits		
Operating	-40°C to +80°C		
Storage	-40°C to +125°	ŶĊ	
Sealing	IP67		
EMC Performance	EN 61000-6-2,		
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6:	10 g	
Shock	IEC 68-2-29:	40 g	
MTBF	350,000 hrs 40	°C Gf	
Drawing List F118-11	Concor Outling		
3D models, step or .igs format, ava	Sensor Outline		
Jo models, step of ligs format, ava	nable on request.		

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.





E118 SHORT STROKE SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS DUST ATMOSPHERES

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration." ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved to;

Ex II 1GD

а

Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Group II: suitable for all areas except mining, Category 1 GD: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas / vapour (Zones 2 to 0) and dust (Zone 20). Gas / Vapour:

Protection class ia, denotes intrinsically safe for all zones

Apparatus group IIC: suitable for IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gas / vapour.

Temperature class T4: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

d

е

Dust

E118 .

T135°C: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions.

с

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C.

b

It is imperative Positek[®] intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the X005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.

For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved sensors suitable for gas (X series) and mining (M series) applications, are also available from Positek.

g

h

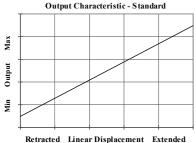
i

Calibration to suit X005 required

≤± 0.1% FSO @20°C Independent Linearity 0 - 10 mm min.

f

Displacement A Connections Option (Option Option	Option Option Z000	
a Displacement	Value	d Housing	
Factory set to any length from 0-2 mm to 0-50 mm (e.g. 0-36 mm)	36	Standard default	
b Output		Flange Mount 2 off 3.2 mm x 30 degree wide slots, 25 mm P.C.D.	
Supply V _{dc} Output	Code	M5 Rod-eye bearing radial version only e Body Fittings	
+5V (4.5 - 5.5V) 0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	Α	None default	
Supply Current 10mA typical, 12mA max.		Body Clamps 1 pair	
c Connections	Code	f Sprung Plunger	
Cable gland radial IP67 M8, metal, 3-core cable	Ixx	Not sprung default	
Cable gland radial IP67 M8, metal, 5-core cable	IQxx	Spring extend captive plunger only. Note! Supplied loose without option 'T'	
Connector axial IP67 4 pin M8 IEC 61076-2-104, metal	J	q Plunger Fittings	
Connector axial IP67 4 pin M8 IEC 61076-2-104, metal, pre-wired 3-core cable	Jxx	Female thread M4x0.7x7 deep default	
Connector radial IP67 4 pin M8 IEC 61076-2-104, metal	к	Dome end with spring extend option 'R'	
Connector radial IP67 4 pin M8 IEC 61076-2-104, metal, pre-wired 3-core cable	Kxx	M5 Rod-eye Bearing Magnetic Tip	
Cable gland axial IP67 M8, metal, 3-core cable	Lxx	h Plunger	
Cable gland axial IP67 M8, metal, 5-core cable	LQxx		
Specify required cable length 'xx' in cm. e.g. L2000 specifies axial cable gland with 20 m of cable, 50 cm supplied as standard. Note! maximum length supplied 15000cm. N.b.! M8 connector option with 5-core cable not available.		Captive plunger is retained - default Non-captive plunger can depart body	
·		j Z-code	



Linear Displa nt Extended



For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K. **Z000**

Z650

Code blank Ν S Code blank Ρ Code blank R Code blank т н WA Code blank V Code



Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek[®] Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance[†] depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area[‡] and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

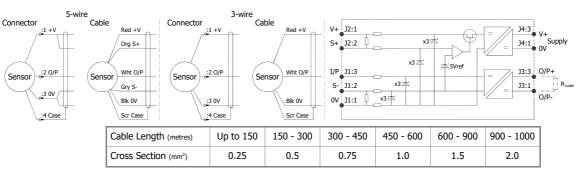
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek[®] recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a $\pm 1\%$ temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek[®] sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-*** for `G' and `H' prefix sensors X005-*** for `E', `M' and `X' prefix sensors

 $^{+}_{\perp}$ R = ρ L/A ρ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ω m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m²).

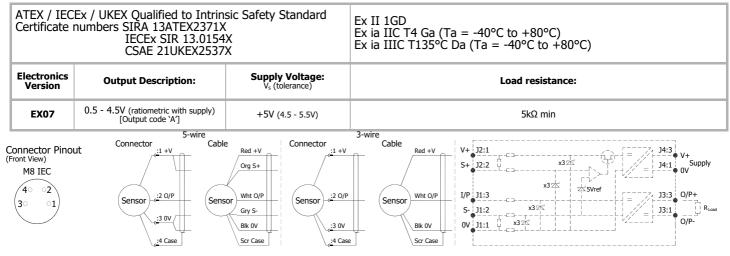
^{*}It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.





Installation Information E118 SHORT STROKE SLIM-LINE LINEAR **POSITION SENSOR** INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS DUST ATMOSPHERES

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX04, see next page.



Putting Into Service: The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W
Ci = 1.36µF*	Li = 860µH*	(with maximum cable length)
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µH	(without cable)

*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

The sensor is certified to be used with up to 1000m of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-

≤ 200 pF/m ≤ 810 nH/m 200 nF or max. total of: Capacitance: Inductance: or max. total of: 810 µH

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen \leq 21%.

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s. dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use. Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

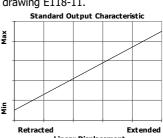
Use: The sensor is designed to measure linear displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling: The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

Maintenance: No maintenance is required.

Mechanical Mounting: Depending on options, body can be mounted by flange, rod eye bearing or clamping the sensor body - body clamps are available, if not already ordered. Plunger mounted by M4x0.7 female thread, rod-eye bearing or magnetic tip - see drawing E118-11.

Output Characteristic: Plunger extended by, at start of normal travel:	Мах
Standard: 16 mm [*] from Ø19 mm face	ť
Flange Mount: 16 mm [*] from flange face *Note: where dome end option is fitted add 5 mm.	utbr
The output increases as the plunger extends from the sensor body, the calibrated stroke is between 2 mm and	0
50 mm.	.5
	Σ



Linear Displace

Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.





Installation Information E118 SHORT STROKE SLIM-LINE LINEAR **POSITION SENSOR** INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS DUST ATMOSPHERES

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX07, see previous page.

ATEX Qualified to Intrinsic Safety Standard		ard	Ex II 1GD EEx ia I/IIC T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia D 20 T135°C (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)
Electronics Version	Output Description:	Supply Voltage: V _s (tolerance)	Load resistance:
EX04	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min

The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V

Ci = 1.36µF* $Ci = 1.16\mu F$ The sensor is certified to be used with up to **1000m** of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-

With the exception of the certificate number and safety parameters above, all other notes regarding Putting Into Service, Use, Assembly and Dismantling etc. on previous page apply to sensors marked EX04 or EX07.

